



PRODUCT DATA SHEET: CERAM-KOTE 2000

Description: CeRam-Kote 2000 is a thin-film, spray-applied and air-dried ceramic novalac epoxy coating system engineered to provide excellent **chemical immersion service** protection to all metals, fiberglass reinforced plastics, concrete and plastic substrata. CeRam-Kote 2000 is highly cross-linked to provide superior chemical resistance. The product may be force-cured with heat for enhanced performance in extremely harsh environments. CeRam-Kote 2000 is available in three colors: white, grey and tan.

Suggested Uses:	Internals in Tanks	Hydrocarbon Service	
	Harsh Chemical Environments	Blow Out Preventers	
	Secondary Containment	Petrochemical Environments	
	Clarifiers	Wastewater Treatment Clarifiers	
	Non-UV Areas	Wastewater Treatment Pumps	
	Internals in Vessels and Piping	Wastewater Treatment Lift Stations	
	Internals in Valves	Brine Tanks	
	Fuel Tanks	Non-potable water tanks	

TECHNICAL DATA

Volume Solids:	80% +/- 2%
Weight Solids:	90% +/- 2%
VOC:	1.56 lb/gal (187 g/l)
Number of Coats:	One coat, two passes, with each pass 6-8 mils (150-200 microns) WFT
Dry Film Thickness:	CeRam-Kote 2000 should be applied holiday free at a minimum of 10 mils (250 microns) DFT with a maximum thickness of 15 mils (375 microns) DFT.
Cure Time:	A two-pass film of 8-10 mils DFT (200-250 microns) air dries to a dry touch finish within five (5) hours at 72°F (22.2°C) and dries to a 70% cure in fourteen (14) hours. Cure times lengthen at lower temperatures and shorten at higher temperatures. The coating should be fully cured before placing into service.
Surface Preparation:	Bonding strength depends on proper preparation of the surface to be protected for long-term performance of the product. The substrate should be free of oil, grease and salt/chloride contamination. Specifications call for a white metal (NACE 1, SSPC-SP5, Swedish Standards SA-3) finish with a 2.0-2.5 mil (50 - 62.5 microns) anchor profile. Surface preparation should be no less than a near white metal (NACE 2, SSPC-SP10, Swedish Standards SA 2 ½) finish. Cleanliness is the most important step to produce a coated surface that will perform and last. Call Freecom, Inc. for surface preparation recommendations of materials such as aluminum, brass, plastic, fiberglass and/or concrete.
Mixing Ratio:	Four (4) parts of Part A to one (1) part of Part B by volume. Seven (7) parts of Part A to one (1) part of Part B ratio by weight.
Mixing:	CeRam-Kote 2000 contains a high loading of ceramic particles which must be placed into full suspension with the epoxy resin prior to application. CeRam-Kote 2000 is packaged in two cans, Part A (base) and Part B (curing agent). Shake Part A (base) with a Cyclone air-powered shaker or mix Part A with a paddle mixer until all ceramic powders are suspended in the resin. Time required to place ceramics into suspension varies according to temperature and length of material storage time. At 72°F (22.2°C), generally a four (4) to six (6) minute shake will place the ceramic powders into suspension. Regardless of time needed, shake all ceramic material into suspension prior to proceeding. Failure to properly mix will keep CeRam-Kote 2000 from performing or curing properly. Check the can to assure all solids are in suspension prior to proceeding to the mixing step. Combine Part A (base) and Part B (curing agent) and <i>stir</i> again until both parts are thoroughly mixed.

Pot Life & Shelf Life:	Pot life for CeRam-Kote 2000 at 72°F (22.2°C) is approximately one (1) hour. Colder temperatures will increase the pot life and warmer temperatures will decrease the pot life. Keep cans out of direct sunlight to prevent heat buildup. CeRam-Kote 2000 has an indefinite shelf life. Preferred storage/usage is a dry enclosed area under 85°F (29°C) /used within two (2) years. However, if stored more than two years above 85°F (29°C), call Freecom Technical Support prior to use.
Thinning:	Adjust viscosity with small amounts of MEK or Acetone. Use caution when adjusting the viscosity. A little goes a long way. Only a small portion of the total solution is epoxy resin and the resin is the only ingredient that can be thinned. Thinning dilutes the high solids of CeRam-Kote 2000, creates excessive overspray and can cause some color changes in bright colors.
Application:	<p>Spray apply for best results using conventional, airless, HVLP or cup gun. The air source must be dry. The compressed air source should be outfitted with air dryers as needed to supply moisture-free air. Use pressure feed equipment such as high volume, low pressure equipment or conventional equipment. Airless: use reversible carbide tip with orifice size of 0.019-0.021 inches. If applying with roller, use short nap, such as ¼" (.244 mm).</p> <p>After thoroughly stirring CeRam-Kote 2000, strain it with a standard paint strainer and pour CeRam-Kote 2000 into the spray equipment.</p> <p>Apply a first pass of six (6) to eight (8) mils (150 - 200 microns) WFT and allow sufficient time for solvent to flash off. At 72°F (22.2°C), 30-40 minutes is sufficient. Apply a second pass of six (6) to eight (8) mils (150 - 200 microns) for a total DFT of ten (10) to fifteen (15) mils (250 - 375 microns). Cure time is temperature dependent.</p> <p>Apply additional mils without incurring runs or sags if the finished product requires thicker coverage. Whenever possible, apply second coat in a cross-coat method.</p>
Climate:	Use CeRam-Kote 2000 only if the substrate temperature and ambient air temperature is above 40°F (4.4°C). No coating should be permitted when substrate is wet from rain or dew, when surfaces are less than 5°F (3°C) above the dew point and holding or when relative humidity is greater than 85%. Moisture will inhibit the catalyst reaction and CeRam-Kote 2000 will not cure or perform properly.
Holiday Detection:	CeRam-Kote 2000 is classified as a thin-film coating and should be tested for defects and holidays using a 67½ volt, wet sponge spark detector set at 80,000 ohms resistance, such as a Tinker and Razor model M-1.
Repairs:	If application of the coating is less than seventy-two (72) hours old and has not been exposed to contamination, repair by wiping with MEK and then re-apply CeRam-Kote 2000. If contaminated or more than 72 hours old, first sand with appropriate grit sandpaper, then repeat repair process.
Cleanup:	Purge and clean spray equipment within thirty (30) minutes of the final spray. Flush equipment with MEK until solvent sprays clear. Disassemble and clean equipment to manufacturer's recommendations. Material left in spray equipment will solidify and damage equipment. Use precautionary measure applicable to any catalyzed material.
Safety:	See individual product label for safety and health data. A Material Safety Data Sheet is available upon request.

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